Biology 412.3.1, Limnology

Instructor:

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Laboratory instructors:

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Lectures: Biology Bldg. Rm. 123, Mon., Wed., & Fri., 12:30 - 1:20 pm

Lab: Rm 307, Friday 1:30 - 5:20 pm (except on Sept 18, proceed to Biol Room 213)

Day Field Trips: Friday Afternoon (Sept 11) to Sunday afternoon (Sept 13)

Course Description

Limnology is a multidisciplinary field that is broadly defined as the study of inland waters. Limnology lectures provide an introduction to the biological, physical and chemical properties of lakes. The course is taught at an ecosystem level, i.e., processes and concepts are emphasized. Human impacts will also be studied. Afternoon labs and the Field trips are designed to train students in field and laboratory techniques. This includes the use of sampling equipment and procedures to identify and quantify aquatic organisms, and for characterizing the physical and chemical properties of a lake (e.g., water quality). Laboratories will also emphasize experimental design. On completion of the course students will be prepared for advanced study in limnology (graduate level). In addition, students will be better prepared for careers in the environment (e.g., water quality assessment, habitat assessment, lake and fisheries management).



Learning Outcomes

Through lectures, assigned readings, and laboratory exercises students will develop an understanding of:

- The diversity of biological, physical and chemical characteristics of lakes
- The influence of watershed characteristics on lake properties
- Lake ecosystem function (energy flow and biogeochemical cycling)
- The diversity and ecology of organisms in lakes
- Experimental design and the interpretation of scientific data.
- Human impacts on lakes (e.g., water quality) and remediation strategies
- The use of limnological equipment to characterize the biological, physical and chemical characteristics of lakes
- Current and emerging scientific thinking in limnology
- The role of ecosystem science in society

Course website includes: lecture notes, laboratory data and guidelines, outlines, relevant references for each assignment, and Emma field trip photos (<u>http://www.usask.ca/biology/hudson/bio412/</u>) **Username:** bio412, **password**: perch412

Prerequisites: Biol 121, Biol 228 and CHEM 112; or permission of the instructor. A course in statistics is recommended. **Note:** the weekend field trip (Sept. 9-13) is mandatory. Students collect samples during this field trip for use throughout the lab sessions in Sept., Oct., and Nov. The small fee for this weekend trip is to offset transportation and rentals.

Course Text: Kalff, J. (2002). Limnology: Inland Water Ecosystems. Upper Saddle River, NJ, Prentice Hall.

Course Outline as of Sept 4, 2015*

Week	Lecture Topic (Biol Rm 125, M, W,	Laboratory (Fridays 1:30 - 5:30	Lab Report	Readings
Of	& F, 12:30 to 1:20 pm)	pm)	Due Dates	_
Sept. 4	-Course introduction			
Sept. 7	-Properties of water	-Weekend Field Trip (Sept 11-13)		-Running Dry News Article
	-Lake ontogeny			-Aquatic Hotspots article
	-Lake morphometry			
	-Fridays lecture merged into field trip			
Sept. 14	-Lake morphometry	Computer Laboratory	Lake profile	-Measuring Chl a (Bev Clark)
	-Assignment: lake trophic status as	Rm (Rm 213)	assignment due	-Chl a protocol
	affected by morphometry	-Start algal fertilization experiment	on Sept 25.	-Lab, Wetzel page 75 for thermocline definition
Sept. 21	-Light and the lake ecosystem	Limno lab (Rm 307)	-Algal	-Schindler et al. 1996, UV
	-Assignment: k _d calculations	-Terminate algal fertilization	fertilization	radiation & DOC
	-Temperature, Heat, and Stratification	experiment (Pending Chl a conc.)	Experiment due	
		-Sample for Chlorophyll 'a', dry	Oct. 30th	
		matter, total phosphorus (TP)		
Sept. 28	-Lake types: monomictic, polymictic etc.	Limno lab (Rm 305)		-Zhang et al. 2010, UV
	-Meromictic lakes and paleolimnology	-Sample for Chlorophyll 'a', dry		radiation & DOC
	-Water movement, surface waves, seiches	matter, total phosphorus (TP)		-Acidification of the Oceans
0.1.5	and circulation patterns			(DIC issue)
Oct. 5	-Dissolved inorganic carbon	Limno lab (Rm 305)		
	-Lake whitings and biota	-Analyze TP, Chl a and dry matter		
	-Oxygen in lakes, profiles, seasonal			
	effects, primary production, effect of DOC, BOD, winter & summer kill			
Oct. 12	-Redox reactions in the water column and	Limno lab (Rm 305)		-Hudson et al. 2000. phosphate
001.12	sediment	-Analyze TP, Chl a and dry matter		determination
	-Nutrients in lakes: P	-Analyze II, ein a and dry matter		- Nürnberg 2001.
	rutionts in faxes. I			Eutrophication
Oct. 19	-Nutrients in lakes: P	Plankton (Rm 307) algal and	Algal &	-Lawrence et al. 2007.
	-P management in lakes: successful and	zooplankton identification and	Zooplankton	Microbial loop
	unsuccessful attempts	biomass determination. Lake	assignment:	rr
	-Nutrients in lakes: N	comparison	hand in at end	
	Midterm EXAM, October 19	*	of lab	
Oct. 26	-Size spectrum of planktonic organisms	Benthos Lab (Rm 307)	Benthos and	-Watson and McCauley article
	-Fish of Saskatchewan (Guest Lecture)		Macrophyte	(Chl. <i>a</i> along trophic gradient)
	-Viruses, bacteria, bacterial production		assignment:	
			hand in at end	

			of lab	
Nov. 2	-Algae, Algal succession and productivity -Microbial loop -Benthic Invertebrates	Talking Science Lab		-Cyr and Pace 1993. Grazing patterns in terrestrial vs aquatic ecosystems
Nov. 9	Fall Mid-Term Break	No Lab		-Rhode et al. 2001. Impact of UV on Daphnia migrations -Wilhelm et al. 1999 Benthic - pelagic coupling
Nov. 16	-Zooplankton communities -Zooplankton migration -Size efficiency hypothesis -Food webs: benthic-pelagic coupling	Student presentations** (Nov 20, Rm 307) Environmental topics concerning lake limnology		
Nov. 23	-Size efficiency hypothesis -Food webs: benthic-pelagic coupling	Student presentations** (Nov 27, Rm 307) Environmental topics concerning lake limnology		-Brooks and Dodson 1965: size efficiency hypothesis -McQueen et al. 1986; Carpenter et al. 1985: Top- down and Bottom-up Food Web Dynamics
Nov. 30	-Resources vs. predation control of food webs: Top-down bottom-up control, trophic cascade hypothesis -Humans and Angling	No Lab		-Mazumder and Taylor 1990: algal particle size and heat
Dec. 7	-Humans and Angling -Review & Questions	Last day of Limnology class is Dec 7		-Schindler 1976. The impact statement Boondoggle.
Final Exam	Rm ??? & Time ???			

* There will be minor changes to the schedule. I will provide advanced consultation with the class about such changes.

**See list of topics below. These topics are oriented to address human impacts on lakes and should not overlap extensively with lecture content.

Potential Seminar Topics for Student Presentations:

- Watershed protection/maintenance for urban use (e.g., Vancouver, Victoria, Toronto, New York examples).
- Aquatic endocrine disruptors: source, persistence, and impact
- Biogeochemistry of lake acidification
- Biological impact of lake acidification: phytoplankton, invertebrates or fish
- Cyanobacterial production of toxins and effects
- Logging impacts on inland waters
- Mining impacts on inland waters
- Nanoparticle impacts on inland waters
- Angling impacts on lakes (commercial and sport)

- Biogeochemistry of metals (e.g., mercury, or copper, or nickel etc.)
- Metal effects on biota (e.g., mercury, or copper, or nickel etc.)
- Organic contaminant cycling
- Organic contaminant effects on biota
- Effect of climate change on lake biogeochemistry
- Effect of climate change on lake biota
- Effect of forest fires on inland waters
- Exotic species effects: zebra mussels, Bythotrephes, fish (e.g., carp)
- Shoreline development and impact on littoral habitats
- Lake or river restoration
- Pulp mill impacts
- Introduction to the environmental applications of paleolimnology
- Antibiotics and other pharmaceuticals in water
- Aquatic pathogens and parasites (e.g., Giardia, Cryptosporidium, Escherichia coli)
- Impact of intensive livestock operations on surface waters
- Agricultural impacts on surface waters (Irrigation, biocides, fertilizers, erosion)
- Human use and the future outlook for water resources
- Water as a commodity and the international pressure for Canada's water resources
- Biodiversity issues in inland waters
- Effect of ultraviolet radiation on inland water biogeochemistry
- Effect of ultraviolet radiation on the biota of inland waters
- Impact of sewage and sewage treatment on surface waters
- Impact of tourism on inland waters
- Impact of road salt on inland waters

Notes for oral presentations

- 1) Only one topic per student please
- 2) You may consider other topics, but get my approval beforehand
- 3) Topics must not duplicate material already presented in class (e.g., the trophic theme of the course)

Relevant Library Resources

Journals:

- Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences
- Limnology and Oceanography
- Freshwater Biology
- Lake & Reservoir Management, and colloquial journal "Lakeline"

- Water Research
- Ecology
- Hydrobiologia

Texts Resources:

- Lampert, W. and U. Sommer. 2007. Limnoecology. 2nd Edition. Oxford University Press.
- Bronmark, C. and L.A. Hansson. 2005. <u>The biology of lakes and ponds</u>. 2nd Edition. New York, Oxford University Press.
- Wetzel, R. G. (2001). Limnology: lake and river ecosystems. San Diego, Academic Press.
- Dodson, S. 2005. Introduction to Limnology. New York. McGraw-Hill.
- Moss, B. (1998). Ecology of fresh waters: man and medium, past to future. Oxford, Blackwell Science.
- Wilderer, P. 2011. Treatise on water science. Volumes 1-4. Amsterdam, Elsevier.
- Likens, G. 2009. Encyclopedia of inland waters. Volumes 1-3. Boston, Elsevier.
- Lynn, K and Cech, T. (2010). Introduction to Water Resources and Environmental Issues. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.
- Carpenter, S. R. and J. F. Kitchell (1993). The trophic cascade in lakes. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.
- O'Sullivan and C. Reynolds. 2004. The Lakes Handbook. Volumes 1-2. Malden, MA, Blackwell.
- Fassett, N. C. (1957). <u>A manual of aquatic plants</u>. Madison, University of Wisconsin Press.
- Cooke, G., E. Welch, S. Peterson, and S. Nichols. 2005. <u>Restoration & management of lakes & reservoirs</u>, 3rd Ed. Boca Raton. Taylor and Francis,
- Kerr, S. R. and L. M. Dickie (2001). <u>The biomass spectrum: a predator-prey theory of aquatic production</u>. New York, Columbia University Press.
- Smol, J. P. (2002). Pollution of lakes and rivers: a paleoenvironmental perspective. London, Arnold.
- North American Lake Management Society and the Terrene Institute. (2001). Managing lakes and reservoirs. Madison, WI
- Lehmkuhl, D. M. 1979. How to know the aquatic insects. Dubuque, Iowa, W.C. Brown Co.
- Thorp, J. H. and Covich, A. P. 2001. Ecology and classification of North American freshwater invertebrates. San Diego, Academic Press.
- Dillard, G. E. (1999). Common freshwater algae of the United States. Berlin, Gebr. Borntraeger

Course Evaluation	Mark	Lab Assignments: Mark Breakdown	Mark
Final exam	35%	Lake profiles	5%
Mid-term exam	15%	Algal fertilization	20%
Lab assignments	30%	Plankton	2.5%
Oral presentation	15%	Benthos	2.5%
Class Participation	5%		

Note: the field trip (Sept. 11-13) must be attended in order to pass this course

Late assignment policy: 3% deduction per day. Late assignments <u>may</u> not be returned to a student until the end of term.

Regulations on Academic Student Misconduct

The University of Saskatchewan is committed to the highest standards of academic integrity and honesty. Students are expected to be familiar with these standards regarding academic honesty and to uphold the policies of the University in this respect. Students are particularly urged to familiarize themselves with the provisions of the Student Conduct & Appeals section of the University Secretary Website and avoid any behavior that could potentially result in suspicions of cheating, plagiarism, misrepresentation of facts and/or participation in an offence. Academic dishonesty is a serious offence and can result in suspension or expulsion from the University.

All students should read and be familiar with the Regulations on Academic Student Misconduct (<u>http://www.usask.ca/university_secretary/honesty/StudentAcademicMisconduct.pdf</u>) as well as the Standard of Student Conduct in Non-Academic Matters and Procedures for Resolution of Complaints and Appeals (http://www.usask.ca/university_secretary/honesty/StudentNon-AcademicMisconduct2012.pdf)

For more information on what academic integrity means for students see the Student Conduct & Appeals section of the University Secretary Website at: <u>http://www.usask.ca/university_secretary/pdf/dishonesty_info_sheet.pdf</u>